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The co-operation of all our botanical associates is solicited in this regard, as a matter of common interest and advantage. For we are all equally concerned in forwarding the progress of the Flora of North America; and we may confidently expect from our botanical associates their sympathy, their forbearance, and their continued aid.

Albinism in *Gentiana crinita*.—I noticed in the window of one of our Boston city florists a few mornings ago two large bunches of white fringed gentian, and on enquiry learned that they came from Middlesex County, Mass. The petals of the open flowers were creamy white, and the face had a beautiful satiny lustre.

Later my friend Storrow Higginson informed me that he had seen in another florist's window white gentians that were gathered in Brookline, Mass. Mr. Higginson procured a specimen for analysis, but could not find any other difference between it and the normally blue flowers. He commented, however, on the perfect whiteness of the fringe.

I do not now recall any previous mention of albinism in this flower, although it may have been recorded. I have not time at present to look it up, but in any case a record of the present instances may be of interest.—GEO. E. DAVENPORT, *Medford, Mass.*

***Trifolium hybridum*, L.**—On reading, in the October number of the GAZETTE, Mr. James' note on this species of *Trifolium*, I thought it might be of interest to note, that in Western Canada it is not at all uncommon, and about London I find it plentiful. It occurs not only in old fields and along fence sides, but I have found it in woodlands and along the borders of cedar swamps at quite a little distance from any cultivated ground, showing that here at least it has become pretty firmly fixed.

In a synopsis of the Flora of the Valley of the St. Lawrence and Great Lakes, published by Profs. Macoun and Gibson, in the Canadian Journal for January 1877, it is catalogued as "Introduced. Cultivated fields and along fences. Is very extensively cultivated in the West instead of *T. pratense*."

It is also reported from Eastern Canada in the vicinity of Ottawa, in the proceedings of the Ottawa Field Naturalist's Club for 1879 and '80, and in a letter just to hand from Prof. Macoun, he tells me that he found this species of *Trifolium* growing most luxuriantly at the foot of the Schickshook Mountains, Quebec, in the vicinity of an old camp, thirty miles from any cultivation.—T. J. W. BURGESS, M. D., *London, Ontario, Canada.*

A New Polyporus.—POLYPORUS RENIFORMIS, n. sp. Pileus sessile or substipitate, reniform or dimidiate, ascending, concave above and convex below; the surface ferruginous, concentrically sulcate and subzonate; the margin thin and acute; the context ferruginous, soft, floccose, covered with a thin rigid rather elastic